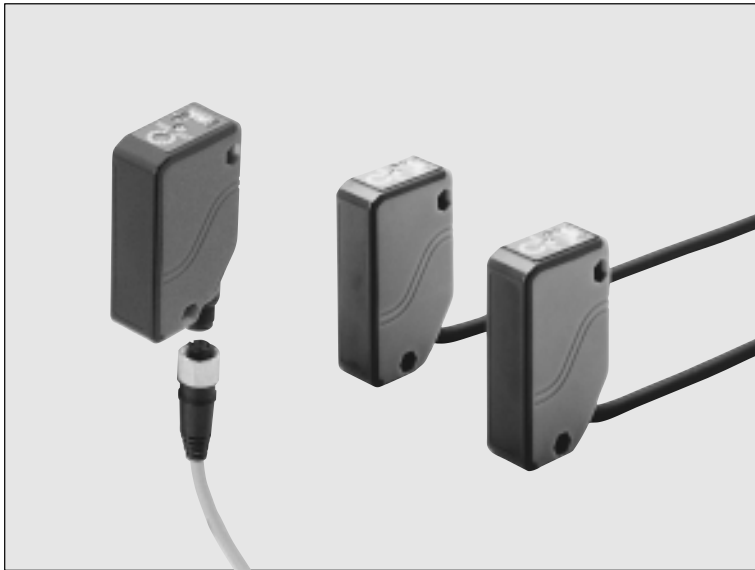


# EQ-30 SERIES

## Amplifier Built-in Adjustable Long Range & Fixed-focus Reflective Photoelectric Sensor



Unaffected by Color or Material, 2m Distance Adjustable Fixed-focus Sensing

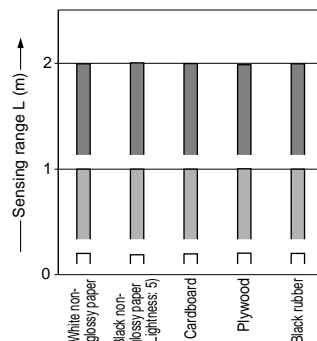
**CE Marked**  
Conforming to EMC Directive

### Not Affected by Object Color or Background

As the **EQ-30** series is incorporated with a 2-segment photodiode as the receiving element with a unique circuitry, it detects an object at the same distance regardless of its color or the background beyond the adjusted sensing range.

(However, when the background is specular, it may be necessary to change the angle of the sensor.)

EQ-34: Correlation between material (200×200mm) and sensing range (typical)



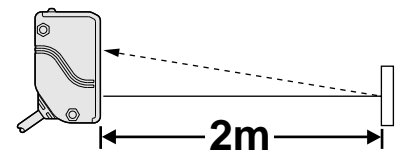
...2m  
 ...1m  
 ...0.2m

These bars indicate the sensing range with the respective objects when the distance adjuster is set at the sensing range of 2m, 1m and 0.2m long, each, with white non-glossy paper.

### Long Sensing Range 2m

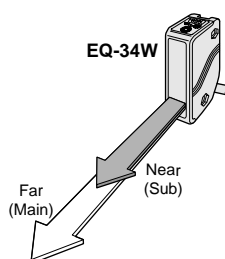
The **EQ-30** series can detect an object 2m away.

It is suitable for various applications, such as, sensing objects or positioning objects traveling on a wide assembly line, etc.



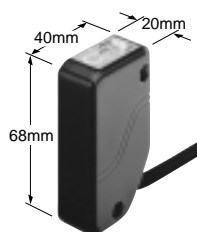
### Two Distances (Far and Near) Can be Set EQ-34W

With **EQ-34W**, two sensing distances, Far (Main) and Near (Sub), can be set. Hence, one sensor can suffice where, earlier, two were required.



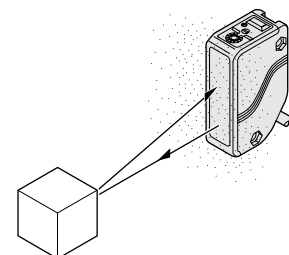
### Compact

It saves space, since a miniaturized housing of W20×H68×D40mm has been designed for the fixed-focus sensing sensor even though the adjustable sensing range is 2m long.



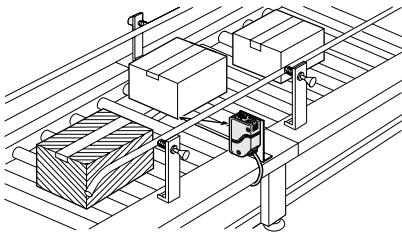
### Insusceptible to Contamination on Lens

The fixed-focus sensing keeps the detectability better than diffuse reflective type sensors even if the lens is contaminated by dirt, dust, mist, or smoke under an unclean environment.

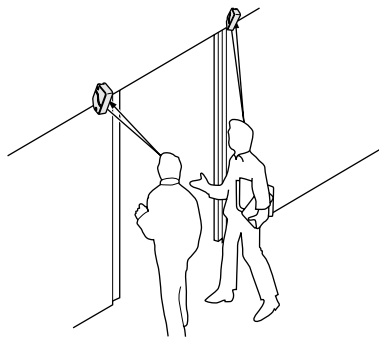


## APPLICATIONS

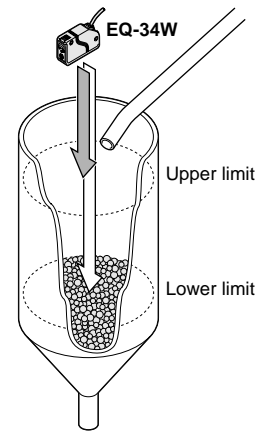
### Detecting traveling cardboard boxes



### Detecting people in front of automatic door

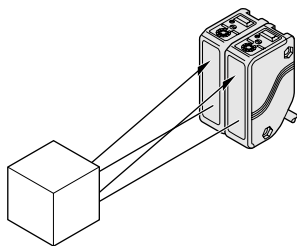


### Detecting level in hopper



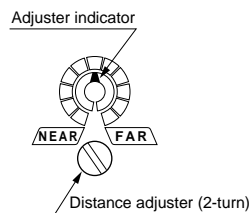
### Automatic Interference Prevention

The **EQ-30** series is the first fixed-focus sensing reflective type sensor to incorporate an automatic interference prevention function so that two sets of sensors can be installed close together or facing each other.



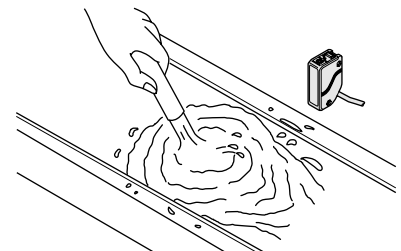
### Mechanical 2-turn Adjuster with Indicator

It features a mechanical 2-turn distance adjuster with an indicator that shows the set distance at a glance.



### Waterproof

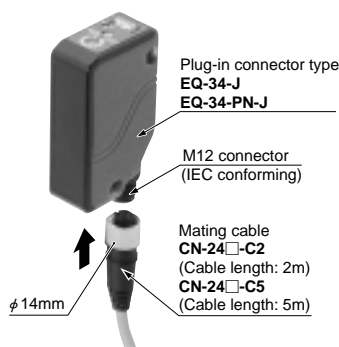
It has IP67 protection. It can be used in places splashed with water.



Note: However, take care that if it is exposed to water splashes during operation, it may detect a water drop itself.

### Plug-in Connector Type Is Available

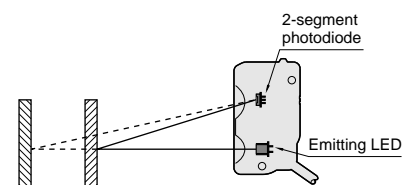
Plug-in connector type, which can be easily disconnected for replacement is available. In case a problem occurs, anyone can replace the sensor in a minute. (Excluding **EQ-34W**)



### Principle of Fixed-focus Sensing with 2-segment Photodiode

Normal reflective type sensors operate by sensing the variation in the amount of incident beam. However, the fixed-focus reflective sensing type sensor incorporating the 2-segment photodiode operates by sensing the variation in the incident beam angle. Thus, the output is activated according to the distance of the object from the sensor.

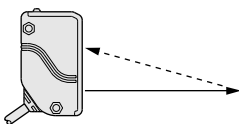

This system helps the **EQ-30** series in being unaffected by object color or a background, enabling stable sensing.



Sensing is based on the difference in the incident beam angle of the dotted line and the solid line in the above figure.

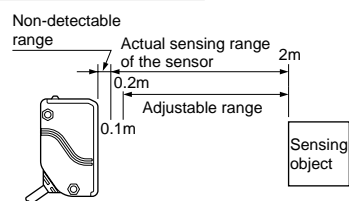
# EQ-30

## ORDER GUIDE

Type	Appearance	Adjustable range (Note 1)	Model No.	Output
NPN output type		 0.2 to 2m	<b>EQ-34</b>	NPN open-collector transistor
PNP output type			<b>EQ-34-PN</b>	PNP open-collector transistor
Two output type			<b>EQ-34W</b>	Two NPN open-collector transistor outputs

**NOTE: Mounting bracket is not supplied with the sensor. Please select from the range of optional sensor mounting brackets (two types).**

Note 1: The adjustable range stands for the maximum sensing range which can be set with the adjuster.  
The sensor can detect an object 0.1m, or more, away.  
However, the detectable range of Near (Sub) type of **EQ-34W** begins at 0.2m.



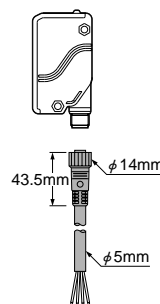
### Plug-in connector type (Not available for EQ-34W)

The **EQ-30** series, excluding **EQ-34W**, offers models with plug-in connectors.  
When ordering this type, add suffix '-J' to the model No.  
(e.g.) Plug-in connector type of **EQ-34-PN** is '**EQ-34-PN-J**'.  
Please order the suitable mating cable separately.

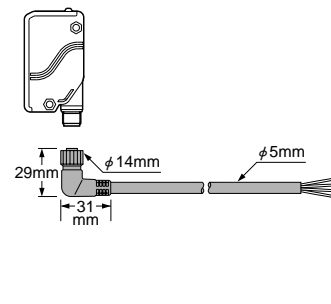
### • Mating cable

Type	Model No.	Description	
Straight	<b>CN-24-C2</b>	Length: 2m	0.34mm <sup>2</sup> 4-core cabtyre cable with connector on one end Cable outer diameter: $\phi$ 5mm
	<b>CN-24-C5</b>	Length: 5m	
Elbow	<b>CN-24L-C2</b>	Length: 2m	
	<b>CN-24L-C5</b>	Length: 5m	

### • CN-24-C□



### • CN-24L-C□



## OPTIONS

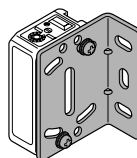
Designation	Model No.	Description
Sensor mounting bracket	<b>MS-EQ3-1</b>	Back angled mounting bracket
	<b>MS-EQ3-2</b>	Foot angled mounting bracket

Note: The plug-in connector type does not allow use of some sensor mounting brackets because of the protrusion of the connector.

### Sensor mounting bracket

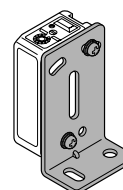
#### • MS-EQ3-1

Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.



#### • MS-EQ3-2

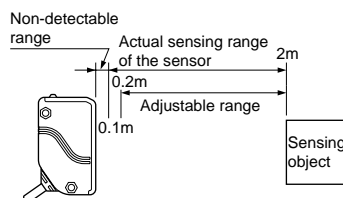
Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.



## SPECIFICATIONS

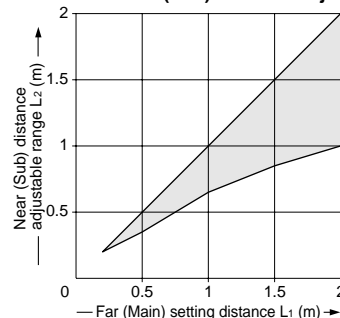
Item	Type	NPN output type	PNP output type	Two output type
	Model No.	EQ-34	EQ-34-PN	EQ-34W
Adjustable range (Note 1)		0.2 to 2m		Far (Main): 0.2 to 2m Near (Sub): Refer to diagram in (Note 2)
Sensing range (with white non-glossy paper at setting distance 2m)		0.1 to 2m		Far (Main): 0.1 to 2m Near (Sub): 0.2 to 2m [with Near (Sub) distance] for adjuster at max.]
Hysteresis		10% or less of operation distance		
Repeatability		Along sensing axis: 10mm or less, Perpendicular to sensing axis: 1mm or less (with white non-glossy paper)		
Supply voltage		10 to 30V DC Ripple P-P 10% or less		
Current consumption		50mA or less	55mA or less	90mA or less
Output		NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and 0V) • Residual voltage: 1V or less (at 100mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)	PNP open-collector transistor • Maximum source current: 100mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between output and +V) • Residual voltage: 1V or less (at 100mA source current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA source current)	<Far (Main) output, Near (Sub) output> NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100mA • Applied voltage: 30V DC or less (between Far (Main) output and 0V, between Near (Sub) output and 0V) • Residual voltage: 1V or less (at 100mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)
	Utilization category	DC-12 or DC-13		
	Output operation	Switchable either Detection-ON or Detection-OFF		
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated		
Response time		2ms or less		
Operation indicator		Red LED (lights up when the output is ON)		Far (Main) output: Red LED [lights up when the Far (Main) output is ON] Near (Sub) output: Red LED [lights up when the Near (Sub) output is ON]
Stability indicator		Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition) (Note 3)		
Distance adjuster		2-turn mechanical adjuster with pointer		Far (Main): 2-turn mechanical adjuster with pointer Near (Sub): Variable adjuster
Automatic interference prevention function		Incorporated (Two units of sensors can be mounted closely.)		
Environmental resistance	Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)		
	Protection	IP67 (IEC)		
	Ambient temperature	- 20 to + 55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: - 25 to + 70°C		
	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH		
	Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 10,000 lx at the light-receiving face, Incandescent light: 3,000 lx at the light-receiving face		
	EMC	Emission: EN50081-2, Immunity: EN50082-2		
	Voltage withstandability	1,000V AC for one min. between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
	Insulation resistance	20MΩ, or more, with 250V megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
	Vibration resistance	10 to 55Hz frequency, 1.5mm amplitude (10G max.) in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each		
Shock resistance	500m/s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (50G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions for three times each			
Emitting element		Infrared LED (modulated)		
Material		Enclosure: Polyallylate · Polyethylene terephthalate, Lens: Polyallylate		
Cable		0.3mm <sup>2</sup> 3-core (EQ-34W: 4-core) cabtyre cable, 2m long		
Cable extension		Extension up to total 100m is possible with 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> , or more, cable.		
Weight		150g approx.		
Accessory		Adjusting screwdriver: 1No.		

Notes: 1) The adjustable range stands for the maximum sensing range which can be set with the adjuster. The sensor can detect an object 0.1m, or more, away. However, the detectable area of the Near (Sub) type of the EQ-34W begins at 0.2m.



2) The Near (Sub) distance adjustable range, L<sub>2</sub>, changes with the setting of the Far (Main) distance, L<sub>1</sub>, as shown in the table below.

EQ-34W Near (Sub) distance adjustable range



EQ-34W	
Far (Main) setting distance L <sub>1</sub>	Near (Sub) distance adjustable range L <sub>2</sub>
2m	1 to 2m
1.5m	0.85 to 1.5m
1m	0.65 to 1m
0.5m	0.35 to 0.5m
0.2m	0.2m

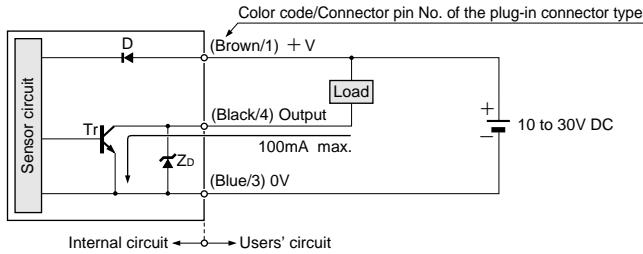
3) Refer to 'PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE' (P.236) for the details of the stability indicator.

# EQ-30

## I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

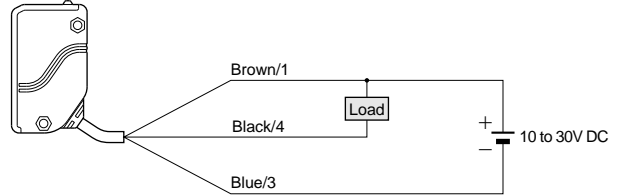
### EQ-34 EQ-34-J NPN output type

#### I/O circuit diagram

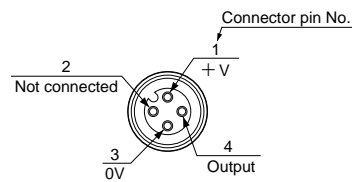


Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode  
Tr: NPN output transistor

#### Wiring diagram

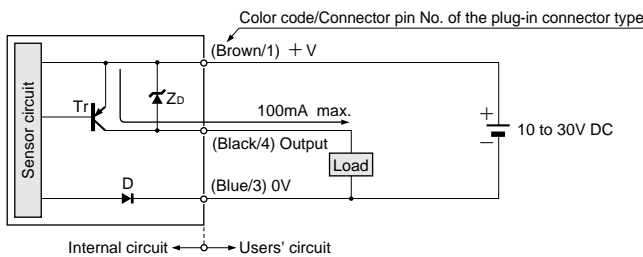


#### Connector pin position (Plug-in connector type)



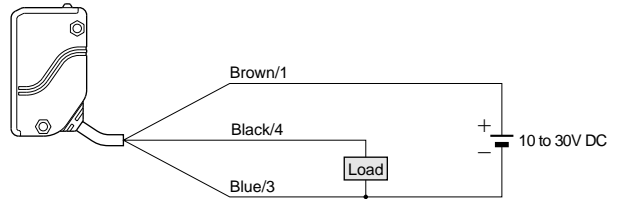
### EQ-34-PN EQ-34-PN-J PNP output type

#### I/O circuit diagram

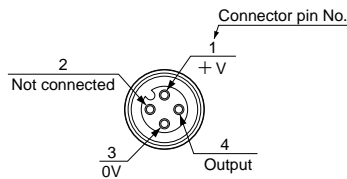


Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode  
Tr: PNP output transistor

#### Wiring diagram

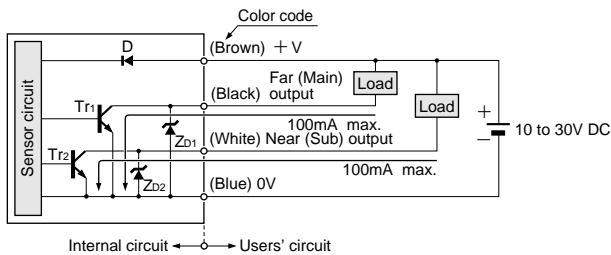


#### Connector pin position (Plug-in connector type)



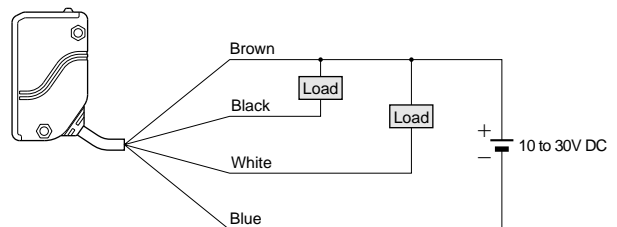
### EQ-34W Two output type

#### I/O circuit diagram



Symbols ... D: Reverse supply polarity protection diode  
Zd1, Zd2: Surge absorption zener diode  
Tr1, Tr2: NPN output transistor

#### Wiring diagram

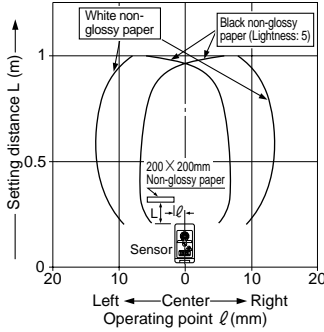


## SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

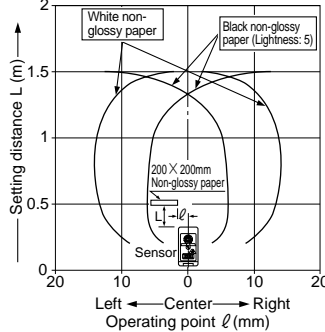
### EQ-34(-J) EQ-34-PN(-J)

#### Sensing fields

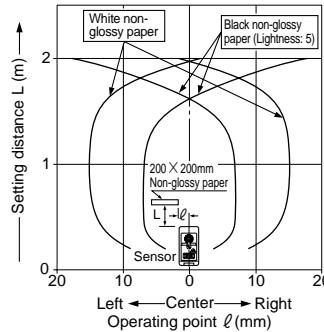
• Setting distance: 1m



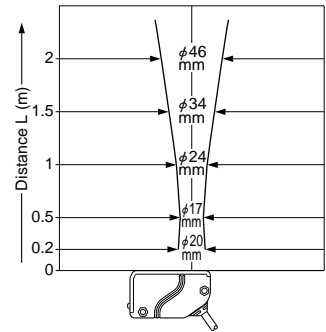
• Setting distance: 1.5m



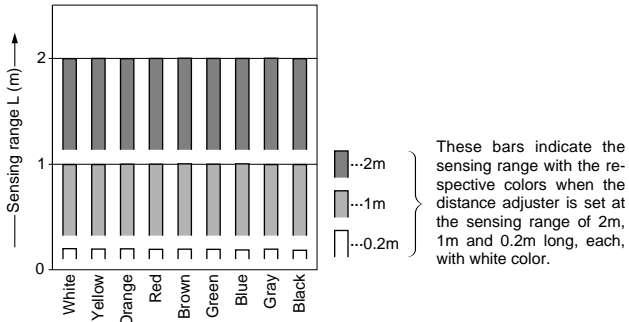
• Setting distance: 2m



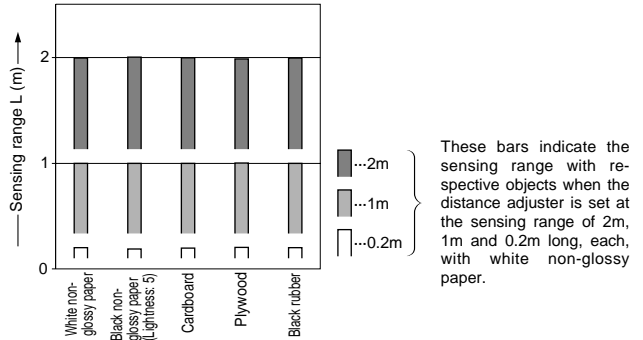
#### Emitted beam



#### Correlation between color (200 × 200mm) and sensing range



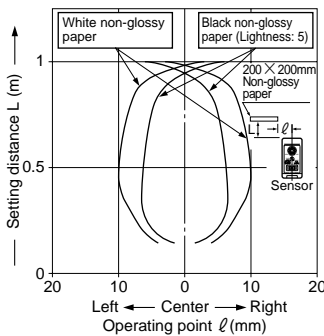
#### Correlation between material (200 × 200mm) and sensing range



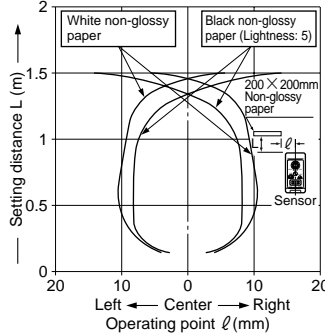
### EQ-34W

#### Sensing fields

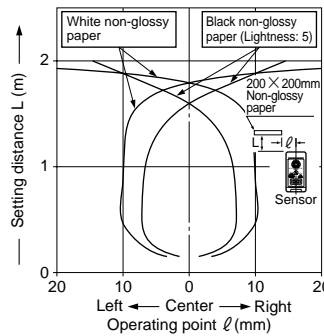
• Far (Main) [Far (Main) setting distance: 1m]



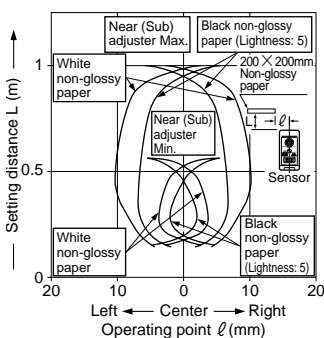
• Far (Main) [Far (Main) setting distance: 1.5m]



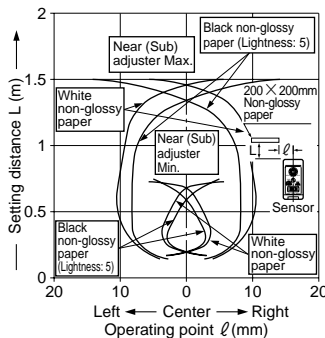
• Far (Main) [Far (Main) setting distance: 2m]



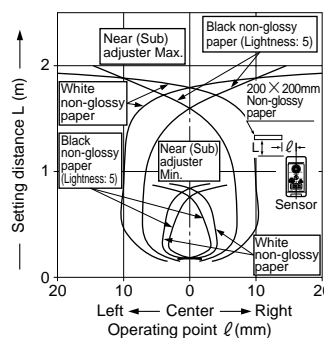
• Near (Sub) [Far (Main) setting distance: 1m]



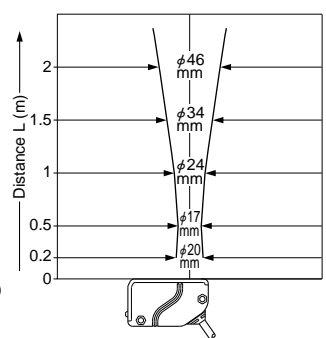
• Near (Sub) [Far (Main) setting distance: 1.5m]



• Near (Sub) [Far (Main) setting distance: 2m]



#### Emitted beam

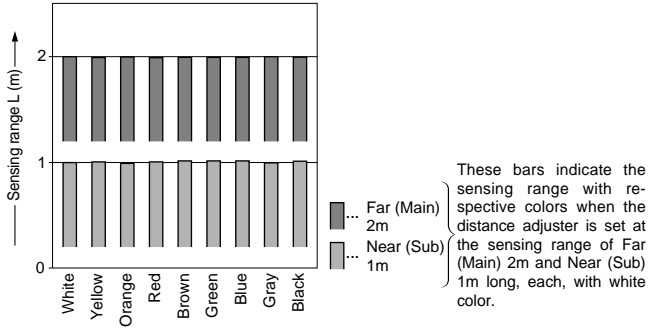


# EQ-30

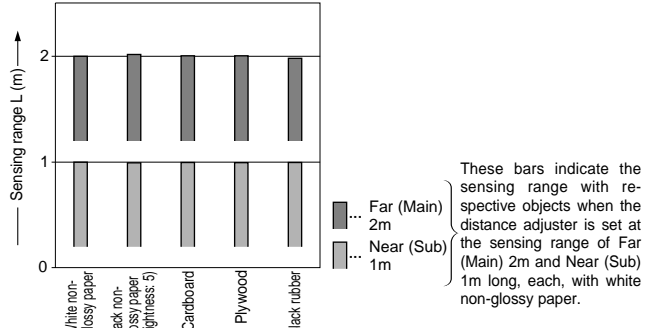
## SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

### EQ-34W

Correlation between color (200 × 200mm) and sensing range



Correlation between material (200 × 200mm) and sensing range



## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

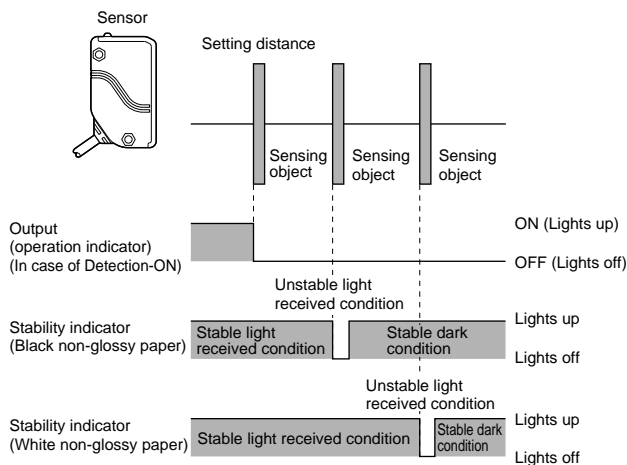
Refer to P.820~ for general precautions.



This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

### Stability indicator

- Since the **EQ-30** series uses a 2-segment photodiode as its receiving element, and sensing is done based on the difference in the incident beam angle of the reflected beam from the sensing object, the output and the operation indicator operate according to the object distance. Further, the stability indicator shows the margin of the incident light intensity and not that of the object distance. Hence, the distance at which it lights up/off depends on the object reflectivity and is not at all related to the output operation. Do not use the sensor when the stability indicator is off (unstable light received condition), since the sensing will be unstable.

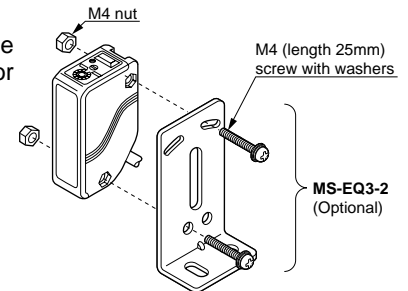


### Others

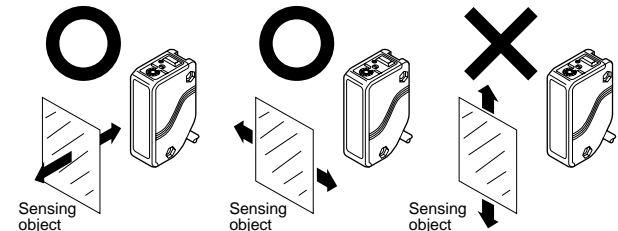
- Do not use during the initial transient time (50ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- When connecting the mating cable to the plug-in connector type, the tightening torque should be 0.4N·m or less.

### Mounting

- The tightening torque should be 0.8N·m or less.

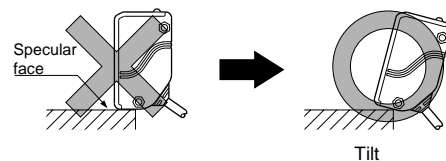


- Care must be taken regarding the sensor mounting direction with respect to the object's direction of movement.



Do not make the sensor detect an object in this direction because it may cause unstable operation.

- When detecting a specular object (aluminum or copper foil) or an object having a glossy surface or coating, please take care that there are cases when the object may not be detected due to a small change in angle, wrinkles on the object surface, etc.
- When a specular body is present below the sensor, use the sensor by tilting it slightly upwards to avoid wrong operation.



- If a specular body is present in the background, wrong operation may be caused due to a small change in the angle of the background body. In that case, install the sensor at an inclination and confirm the operation with the actual sensing object.
- Take care that some objects may produce a dead zone right in front of the sensor.

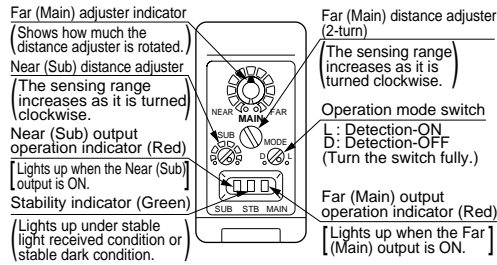
## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Refer to P.820~ for general precautions.

### Distance adjustment

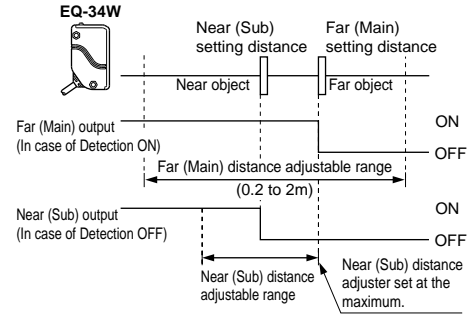
#### EQ-34W

#### <Adjusters>



Notes: 1) Turn the distance adjuster gradually and lightly with the attached screwdriver. If the distance adjuster is over turned or pressed heavily, it may be damaged.

2) The Far (Main) distance adjustment should be done before the Near (Sub) distance adjustment. Take care that the Near (Sub) setting distance changes with change in the Far (Main) setting distance.



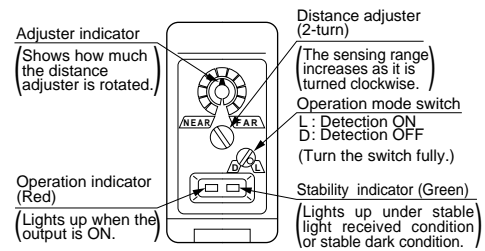
#### <Adjusting procedure>

##### Far (Main)

Step	Description	Distance adjuster
①	Turn the Far (Main) distance adjuster fully counterclockwise to the minimum sensing point of 0.2m approx.	 Turn fully
②	Place an object at the far place at the required distance from the sensor, turn the Far (Main) distance adjuster gradually clockwise, and find out point A where the sensor changes to the light received condition.	
③	Remove the object, turn the Far (Main) distance adjuster further clockwise, and find out point B where the sensor changes to the light received condition again with only the background. (When the sensor does not go to the light received condition even if the adjuster is fully turned clockwise, point B is this extreme point in the range.)	
④	The optimum position to stably detect objects for the Far (Main) setting is the center point between A and B.	

#### EQ-34, EQ-34-PN

#### <Adjusters>



#### <Adjusting procedure>

Step	Description	Distance adjuster
①	Turn the distance adjuster fully counterclockwise to the minimum sensing range position of 0.2m approx.	 Turn fully
②	Place an object at the required distance from the sensor, turn the distance adjuster gradually clockwise, and find out point A where the sensor changes to the light received condition.	
③	Remove the object, turn the distance adjuster further counterclockwise, and find out point B where the sensor changes to the light received condition again with only the background. (When the sensor does not go to the light received condition even if the adjuster is fully turned clockwise, point B is this extreme point in the range.)	
④	The optimum position to stably detect objects is the center point between A and B.	

Note: Turn the distance adjuster gradually and lightly with the attached screwdriver. If the distance adjuster is over turned or pressed heavily, it may be damaged.

##### Near (Sub)

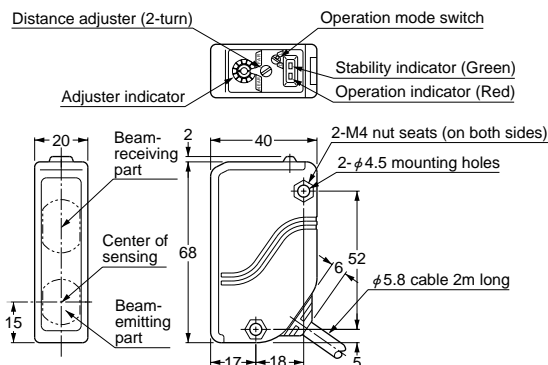
Step	Description	Distance adjuster
⑤	Turn the Near (Sub) distance adjuster fully counterclockwise to the minimum sensing point.	 Turn fully
⑥	Place an object at the near position, at the required distance from the sensor, turn the Near (Sub) distance adjuster gradually clockwise, and find out point C where the sensor changes to the light received condition.	
⑦	Remove the object from the near position, and place the object for Far (Main) sensing at the sensing position. Turn the Near (Sub) distance adjuster further clockwise, and find out point D where the sensor changes to the light received condition again with only the background. (When the sensor does not go to the light received condition even if the adjuster is fully turned clockwise, point D is this extreme point.)	
⑧	The optimum position to stably detect objects for the Near (Sub) setting is the center point between C and D.	



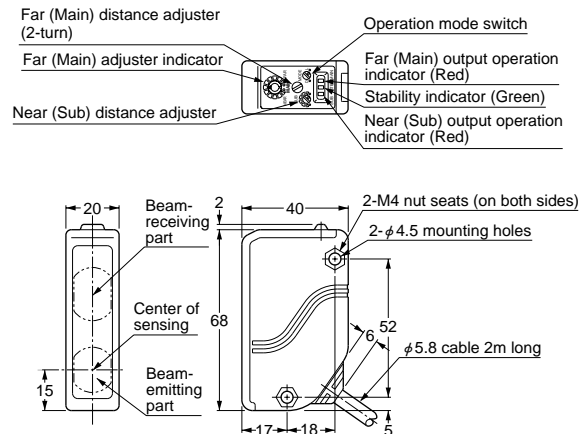
# EQ-30

## DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

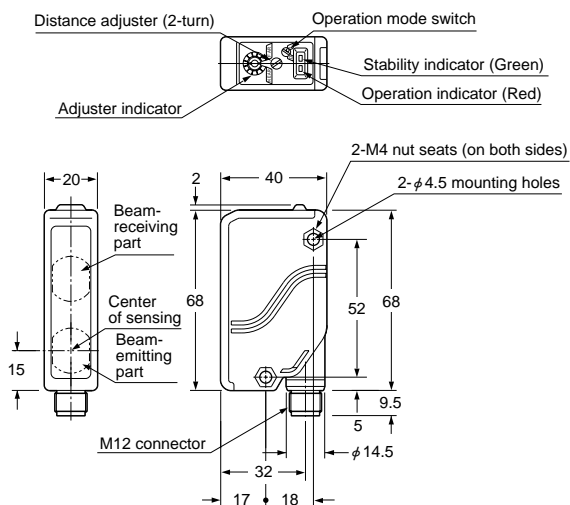
### EQ-34 EQ-34-PN Sensor



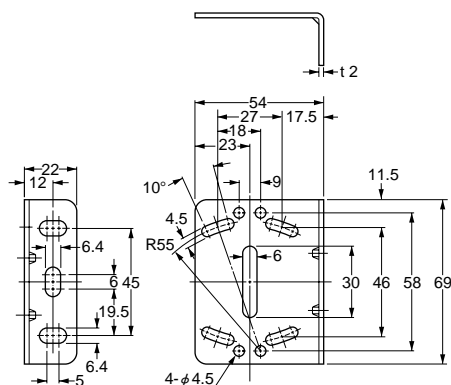
### EQ-34W Sensor



### EQ-34-J EQ-34-PN-J Sensor

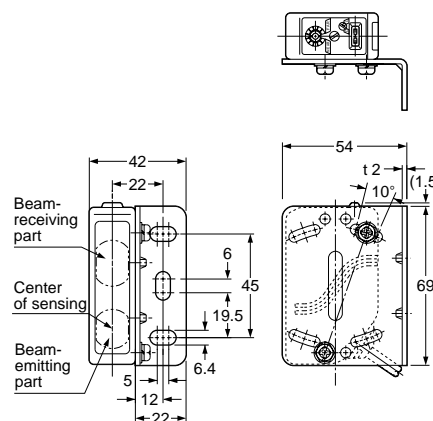


### MS-EQ3-1 Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)



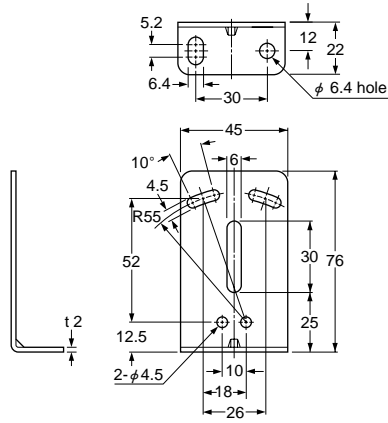
Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC)  
Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers  
and two M4 nuts are attached.

### Assembly dimensions Mounting drawing with EQ-34



## DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

### MS-EQ3-2 Sensor mounting bracket (Optional)



Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC)  
 Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers  
 and two M4 nuts are attached.

### Assembly dimensions Mounting drawing with EQ-34

